## Sort & Filter in Excel

**Sort** and **Filter** are two of the most fundamental tools in Excel for data management and analysis.

* **Sort** arranges your data in a specific order, making it easier to read and find information.
* **Filter** temporarily hides rows that you don't want to see, allowing you to focus on a specific subset of your data.

You can find both options in the **Data** tab on the Excel ribbon.

## Sorting Data 📊

Sorting allows you to organize a range of data by one or more columns. You can sort in ascending (A to Z, smallest to largest, oldest to newest) or descending (Z to A, largest to smallest, newest to oldest) order.

### Quick Sort (Single Column)

This is the fastest way to sort your data based on the values in a single column.

1. **Select a cell** in the column you wish to sort by. You don't need to select the entire column or table.
2. Go to the **Data** tab.
3. In the **Sort & Filter** group, click:
   * **AZ ↓** (Sort A to Z) for ascending order.
   * **ZA ↓** (Sort Z to A) for descending order.

Excel will automatically detect your entire data range and sort it based on the selected column.

### Custom Sort (Multi-Level Sorting)

Use this when you need to sort by more than one column (e.g., sort by Department, then by Last Name within each department).

1. **Select a single cell** anywhere within your data range.
2. Go to the **Data** tab and click the large **Sort** button. This opens the Sort dialog box.
3. The dialog box will automatically select your entire data range. Ensure the "**My data has headers**" box is checked if your columns have titles.
4. **First Level Sort**:
   * In the "**Sort by**" dropdown, choose the first column you want to sort by (e.g., "Department").
   * Set the "**Sort On**" criteria (usually "Cell Values").
   * Choose the "**Order**" (e.g., "A to Z").
5. **Add More Levels**:
   * Click the "**Add Level**" button to add another sorting criterion.
   * In the new "**Then by**" row, select the next column to sort by (e.g., "Last Name").
   * Set the "Sort On" and "Order" for this level.
6. You can add multiple levels. The data will be sorted in the order the levels appear in the dialog box. Use the **Up** and **Down** arrows to reorder levels.
7. Click **OK** to apply the sort.

### Sorting by Cell Color, Font Color, or Icon

You can also sort data based on formatting.

1. Open the **Sort** dialog box (**Data > Sort**).
2. Choose the column containing the formatting in the "**Sort by**" dropdown.
3. In the "**Sort On**" dropdown, select **Cell Color**, **Font Color**, or **Cell Icon**.
4. In the "**Order**" dropdown, select the specific color or icon you want to appear first.
5. Use the "**On Top**" or "**On Bottom**" option to specify its position.
6. Click **OK**.

## Filtering Data 🔍

Filtering allows you to display only the rows that meet certain criteria and hide the rest. This is useful for analyzing specific parts of a large dataset without deleting any information.

### Applying and Removing a Filter

1. **Select a cell** within your data range.
2. Go to the **Data** tab and click the **Filter** button (it looks like a funnel).
3. Dropdown arrows (▼) will appear in each header cell of your data.

To remove the filter, simply click the **Filter** button again.

### Using Filter Options

Click the dropdown arrow (▼) in a column header to see the filtering options for that column.

#### 1. Filter by Text

When a column contains text:

* **Checkbox List**: Uncheck "(Select All)" and then check the boxes next to the specific text values you want to display.
* **Text Filters**: Hover over this menu to see options like:
  + **Equals...**: Shows rows with an exact match.
  + **Does Not Equal...**: Hides rows with an exact match.
  + **Begins With... / Ends With...**: For partial matches.
  + **Contains...**: Shows rows where the cell includes the specified text anywhere within it.
  + **Does Not Contain...**: Hides rows that include the specified text.

#### 2. Filter by Numbers

When a column contains numbers:

* **Checkbox List**: Select specific numbers you want to see.
* **Number Filters**: This menu provides powerful options like:
  + **Equals... / Does Not Equal...**
  + **Greater Than... / Less Than...**
  + **Between...**: To specify a range.
  + **Top 10...**: Shows the top or bottom number of items or a percentage (e.g., top 5 items, bottom 20%).

#### 3. Filter by Dates

When a column contains dates, Excel automatically groups them by year, month, and day in the checkbox list.

* **Date Filters**: This menu gives you dynamic filtering options, such as:
  + **Before... / After... / Between...**
  + **Tomorrow, Today, Yesterday**
  + **Next Week, This Week, Last Week**
  + **This Month, Last Quarter, Next Year**
  + **All dates in the period**: e.g., show all entries from January.

#### 4. Filter by Color

If you have manually colored cells or used conditional formatting, you can filter by it.

* Click the dropdown arrow (▼).
* Select **Filter by Color**.
* Choose the **Cell Color** or **Font Color** you want to display. Only rows with that specific formatting will be shown.

### Clearing a Filter

* **Clear a single column filter**: Click the filter icon (a funnel with a down arrow) in the column header and select "**Clear Filter From [Column Name]**".
* **Clear all filters**: On the **Data** tab, click the **Clear** button in the **Sort & Filter** group.